# Grade 2 – Snowmen at Night



Value

## What do you see?

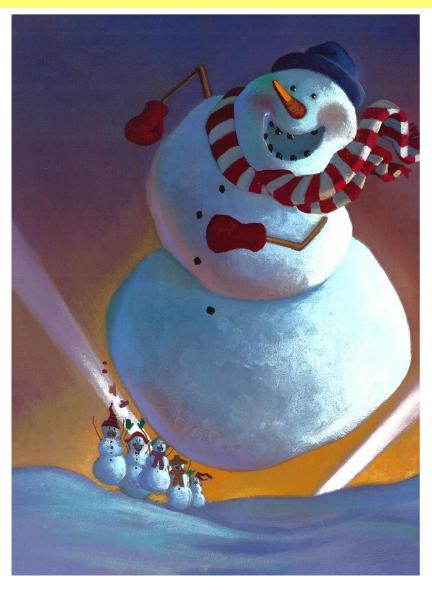


Illustration from <u>Snowmen at Night</u>, by Caralyn & Mark Buehner

### **Artistic Focus: Value**



Illustration from <u>Snowmen at Night</u>, by Caralyn & Mark Buehner

**VALUE** is the lightness and darkness of a line, shape, or form.

#### **Today's objective:**

- To use value to make shapes look like three-dimensional forms.
- 2. To learn how to blend oil pastels to create a smooth transition between light and dark values.

#### **WA State Visual Arts Standard**

Demonstrate safe procedures for using and cleaning art tools, equipment, and studio spaces. (VA:Cr2.2.2)

### Caralyn and Mark Buehner

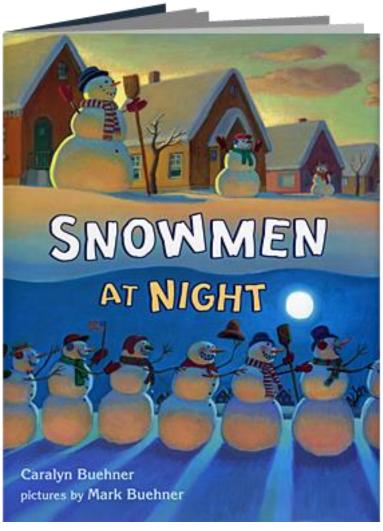
Caralyn and Mark Buehner are a husband and wife publishing team.

- Caralyn writes stories
- Mark paints illustrations
- Produced over a dozen children's books
- Live in Utah
- Parents to six children





### Artwork



Cover of <u>Snowmen at Night</u>, by Caralyn & Mark Buehner

### Artwork

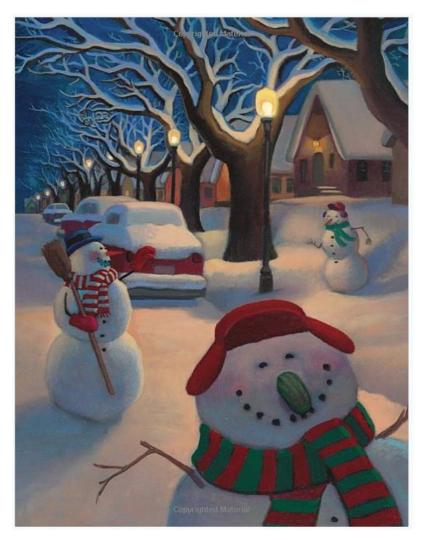


Illustration from <u>Snowmen at Night</u>, by Caralyn & Mark Buehner

### **Materials**

#### Dark blue construction paper

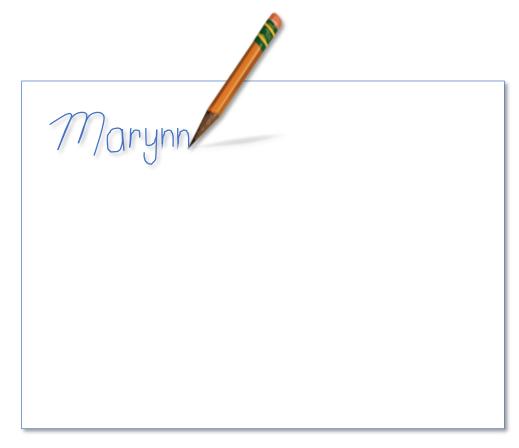


# Example of Today's Project



## Before You Begin

- 1. Write your **name** in pencil on the **back** of the paper.
- 2. Flip your paper over.
- 3. Roll up your sleeves!

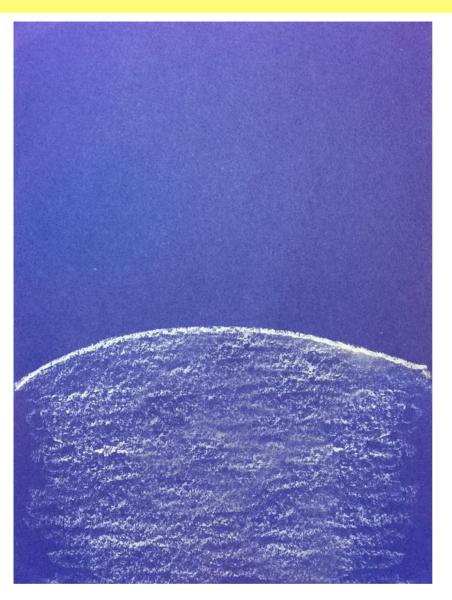


- Use a white oil pastel to draw a horizon line.
- This is the line that separates the land from the sky.
- It can be hilly or straight.

Hint: If your white pastel has other colors smudged on it, wipe it on a paper towel before using.



 Using horizontal (side-to-side strokes), fill in your hill with a light layer of white oil pastel.



- Now imagine that the full moon is in the upper right of the sky.
- Make the right side of your hill brighter white by filling in thick white pastel on the same side of the hill as the imaginary moon.
- Put down your pastel, hold your paper down with one hand, and use a finger on your other hand to blend and blur the line between the thin white and the thick white.

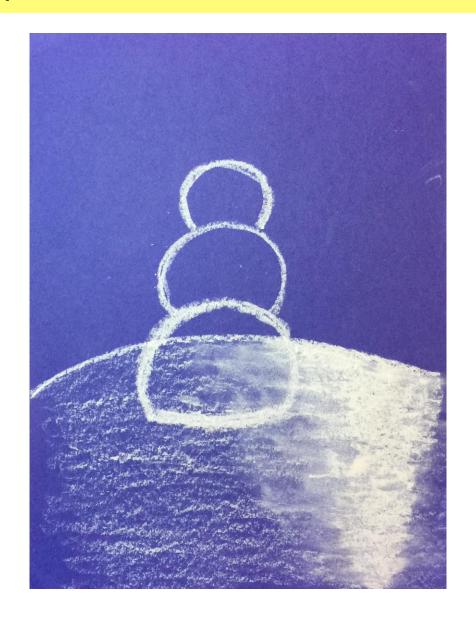
Note the difference between the darker and lighter values.



#### Time to build a snowman!

- Start with the bottom snowball.
  Imagine you are drawing a very round capital letter **D** lying down on its flat side.
- Next draw a smaller circle on top of the big, round D.
- Finally, an even smaller circle on top.

Note: We call them circles, but these are not perfect circles at all.



- Use light horizontal (side-to-side) strokes to fill in each circle.
- Then use firm strokes to fill in the light side (the moonward side) with a thicker layer of white.



 Put down your pastel, hold your paper down with one hand, and use a finger on your other hand to blend and blur the line between the thin white and the thick white.

Note the difference between the darker and lighter values.

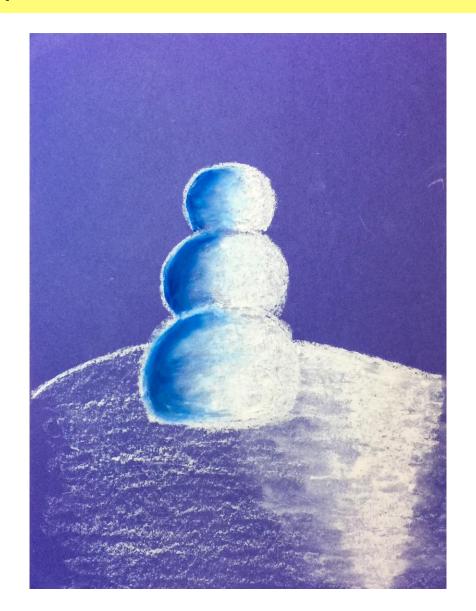


 Now use the dark blue oil pastel to fill in a sliver of color on the darker side of each circle, almost like a crescent moon.



#### Time to blend!

- Put down your pastel, hold your paper down with one hand, and use a finger on your other hand to blend the blue into the white.
- Stop blending as you reach the middle of the circle. You want the other side to stay bright white.



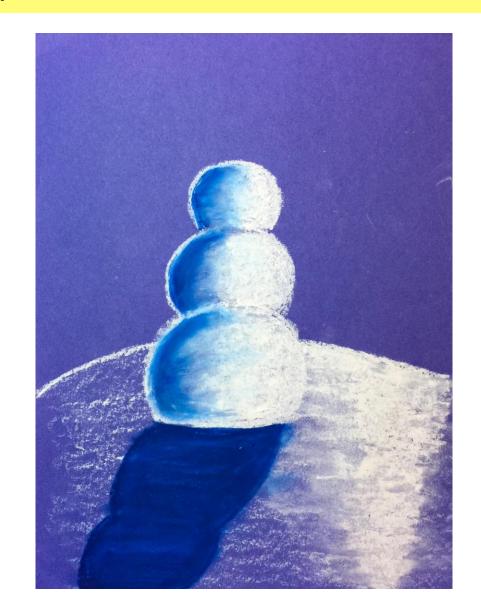
Your snowman needs a shadow.

- Use your dark blue pastel to draw a line under the snowman.
- At an angle down and away from the light side of the paper, draw an oval that looks like your snowman shape all stretched out.



#### Create the shadow.

- Fill in your shadow shape with the dark blue pastel.
- Put down your pastel, hold your paper down with one hand, and use a finger on your other hand to blend the blue pastel to even it out.



Now add your full moon.

- The moon should be in the upper right corner of the paper, because the moon is casting its light on that side, leaving the other side in shadow.
- Make a white circle and fill it in with thick white oil pastel.



Sometimes when it is very cold outside, the moon has a faint halo of light around it.

If you want, you can add a halo or light clouds.



Now it's time to add some details!

- Scarf
- Black coal dots for eyes and buttons
- Maybe a carrot nose
- Choose a hat style





### Reflection

- Can you see how blending values light to dark can make art seem more three-dimensional?
- What was your favorite part of our project today?
- How did it feel to blend the oil pastels?
- Was it hard or easy to blend the colors smoothly?
- Would anyone like to share their art, if time allows?



### Credits

- Caralyn & Mark Buehner's official website <a href="http://buehnerbooks.com">http://buehnerbooks.com</a>
- 2. <a href="http://buehnerbooks.com/our-books/snowmen-at-night/">http://buehnerbooks.com/our-books/snowmen-at-night/</a>
- 3. Original LWSD sample art, used with permission.



The development of this Lake Washington School District art docent lesson was made possible by a grant from the Lake Washington Schools Foundation.

